

What are SATs tests?

If you have a child in year 6 at the end of key stage 2 (KS2), they will take national curriculum assessments in English grammar, punctuation and spelling, English reading and mathematics.

The tests help measure the progress pupils have made and identify if they need additional support in a certain area.

The tests are also used to assess schools' performance and to produce national performance data.







How will the information be used?

- The assessments are a way of making sure every child has mastered the basics when they leave primary education. The results help teachers to identify where children may need extra help or support as they move into year 7 and begin their secondary education.
- Your child's individual results, for both tests and teacher assessment judgements, will not be published by either your child's school or the Department for Education (DfE).
- However, school-level results of pupils' attainment and progress are published on the DfE's school performance tables website





KS2 Statutory Assessment Tests

The tests assess the children's knowledge of the National Curriculum across KS2, not just Year 6.





KS2 Statutory Assessment Tests

- The tests are delivered to school before the SATs week; school staff are not allowed to look at the papers before the tests. They are kept securely in school.
- The tests are opened in front of the children.







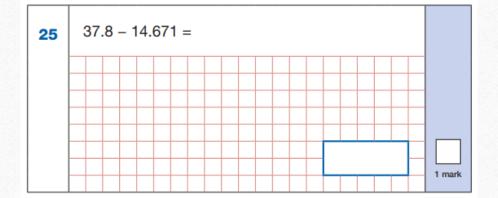
Maths

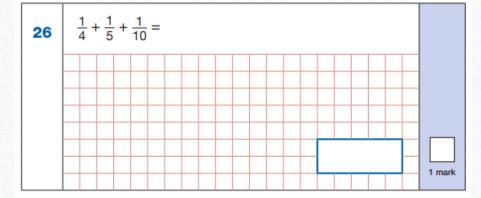
- · Arithmetic: 30 minutes
- Reasoning paper 2 and 3: 40 minutes





















Reasoning

- · Number: place value, rounding, calculations, Roman numerals
- Fractions
- · Shape: area, perimeter, properties of shapes, angles
- Measure: converting between units
- Ratio
- Algebra
- · Statistics: bar charts, line graphs, pie charts

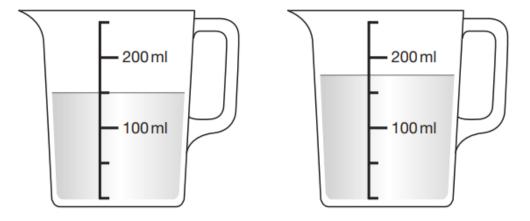




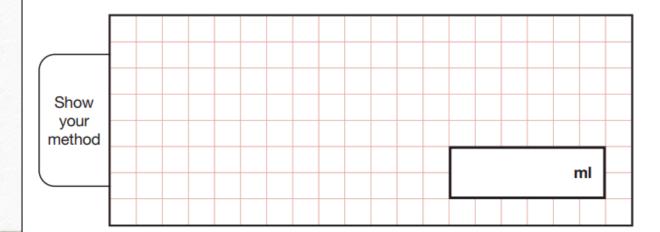


Stefan has 600 millilitres of water in a bottle.

He pours some of the water into two measuring jugs as shown.



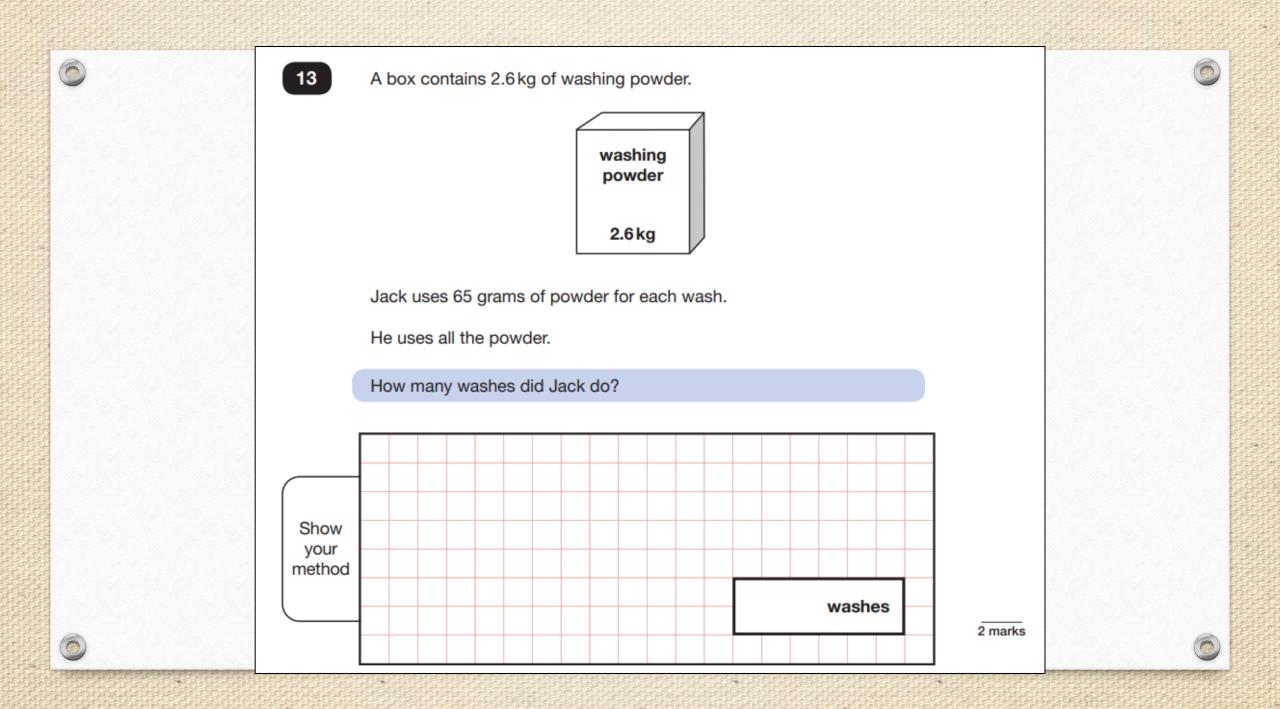
How many millilitres of water are left in Stefan's bottle?



2 marks



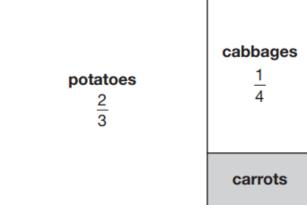






This is a diagram of a vegetable garden.

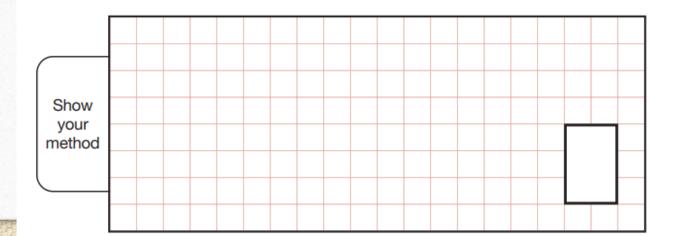
It shows the fractions of the garden planted with potatoes and cabbages.



Not to scale

The remaining area is planted with carrots.

What **fraction** of the garden is planted with carrots?







The vertices of a quadrilateral have these coordinates.

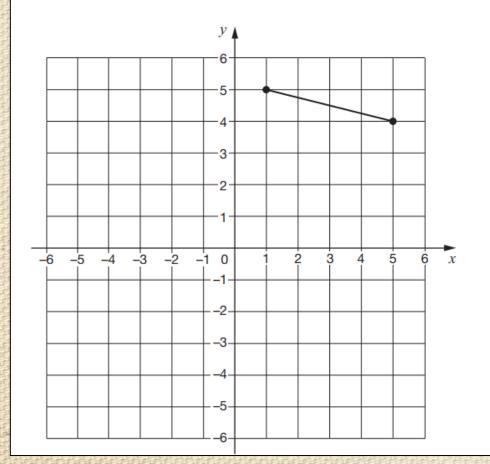
(1, 5) (5, 4) (1, -3) (-3, 4)

1 mark

One side of the quadrilateral has been drawn on the grid.

Complete the quadrilateral.

Use a ruler.



Amina planted some seeds.	
For every 3 seeds Amina planted, only 2 seeds grew.	
Altogether, 12 seeds grew.	
How many seeds did Amina plant?	
	1 mark
Tick two shapes that have $\frac{3}{4}$ shaded.	
1 mar	k



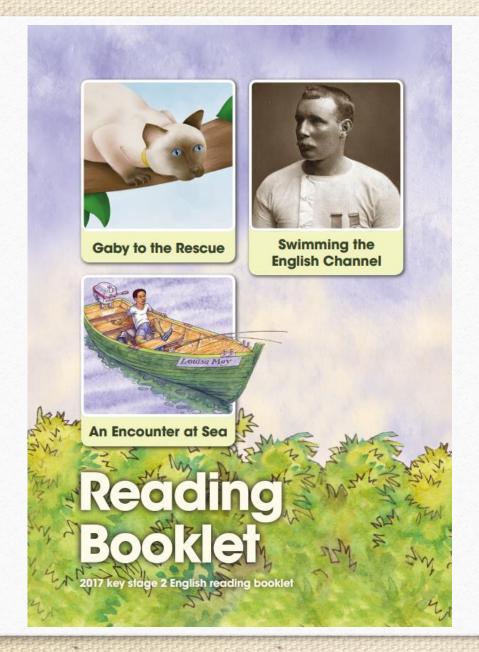
Reading

- Three texts: one hour
- · Approximately 40 questions
- 50 marks in total.









2023: 2106 words across three texts

2022: 1564 words across three texts







How can you tell that Edward was determined to find the game?

Give **one** piece of evidence that shows his determination.

...it dawned on me that the dice ought to belong to a game...

Which of the following is closest in meaning to dawned on me as it is used here?

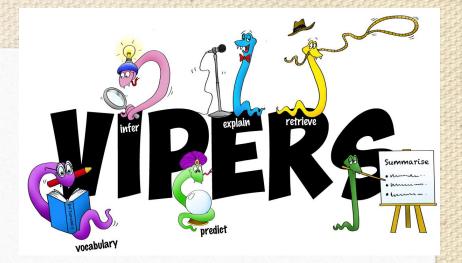
Tick one.

began to worry me

became clear to me

made me feel better

puzzled me





Find and explain the meaning of words in context

- What do the words and suggest about the character, setting and mood?
- Which word tells you that....?
- Which keyword tells you about the
- character/setting/mood?
- Find one word in the text which means.....
- Find and highlight the word that is closest in meaning to......
- meaning to......

 Find a word or phrase which shows/suggests that......



Make and justify inferences using evidence from the text.

using evidence from the text.

• Find and copy a group of words which show that...b

• How do these words make the reader feel? How does this paragraph suggest this?

How do the descriptions of show that they are

How can you tell that......

What impression of do you get from these paragraphs?

What voice might these characters use? • What was thinking when.....

Who is telling the story?

Predict what might happen from the details given and implied

• From the cover what do you think this text is goin.

From the cover what do you think this text is going to be about?
 What is happening now? What happened before

this? What will happen after?

• What does this paragraph suggest will happen

 What does this paragraph suggest will happen next? What makes you think this?
 Do you think the choice of setting will influence

how the plot develops?

• Do you think... will happen? Yes, no or maybe?

Do you think... will happen? Yes, no or maybe?
 Explain your answer using evidence from the text.









Edward found a game. How can you tell that there was something strange about the game?

Explain two ways, using evidence from the text to support your answer.

١.	

Look at page 10.

3 marks

What impressions do you get of Em Sharp at this point in the extract?

Give **two** impressions, using evidence from the text to support your answer.

Impression	Evidence





Over 100 years ago in America, Californian orchards were almost destroyed by a plague of thousands of tiny creatures called scale insects. These tiny sap-sucking bugs were attacking the orange trees and ruining all the fruit.

How long ago did the plague of scale insects attack in America?

1 mark









29. How long ago did the plague of scale insects attack in America?

1 mark

Assessment focus 2: understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.

Award 1 mark for:

over 100 years / more than 100 years.

Do not accept 100 / 100 years ago.









Spelling, punctuation and grammar

- · Spelling: 20 words
- Grammar: 45 minutes





	Insert a relative pronoun to complete the sentence below.	
	Everyone loved the music was played last night.	1 mark
Insert a semi-colon in the correct place in the sentence below.		
Frank would like to go to Cornwall next summer he might also visit France in the spring.	1 mark	
What kind of clause is underlined in the sentence below?	Which sentence is punctuated correctly?	
If they could afford to, the ancient Romans ate well.	Tick one. I will be running – a half marathon 13 miles next week!	
	I will be – running a half marathon – 13 miles next week!	
	I will be running a half marathon 13 – miles – next week!	
	I will be running a half marathon – 13 miles – next week!	1 mark



Insert a **subordinating conjunction** to show that we ate lunch and listened to music at the same time.

We listened to the music _____ we ate our lunch.

1 mark

Award 1 mark for the correct insertion of an appropriate subordinating conjunction, e.g.

- We listened to the music while we ate our lunch.
- We listened to the music whilst we ate our lunch.
- We listened to the music <u>as</u> we ate our lunch.
- We listened to the music <u>when</u> we ate our lunch.



Do not accept misspellings of the subordinating conjunction.







Complete the sentence below with a **noun** formed from the verb invent.

The engineer thought her latest _____ would solve the problem.

1 mark

Award 1 mark for the correct insertion of an appropriate noun, e.g.

- The engineer thought her latest <u>invention/inventions</u> would solve the problem.
- The engineer thought her latest <u>inventor/inventors</u> would solve the problem.

Do not accept misspellings.









Spelling task

- **1.** Sam is ______ to play football at playtime.
- 2. Use a ruler to draw a _____ line.
- 3. Being dizzy is a strange ______.
- **4.** Lauren was _______ before her first swimming lesson.
- **5.** The bird found a _____ of bread.
- **6.** It is ______ that it will rain tomorrow.
- 7. An _____ author visited our school.
- 8. Sap is a sticky _____ that comes from trees.
- **9.** John is having an _____ on his foot.
- **10.** Aamid faced his _____ challenge on the zip wire.







Spelling 1: The word is **creature**.

The dragon is an imaginary **creature**.

The word is **creature**.

Spelling 2: The word is **enough**.

There was **enough** food for everyone.

The word is **enough**.

Spelling 3: The word is **reception**.

My little brother is in **reception** class.

The word is **reception**.

Spelling 4: The word is **numb**.

Playing in the snow made my fingers **numb**.

The word is **numb**.

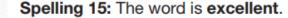
Spelling 5: The word is **division**.

We learned how to do **division** in mathematics.

The word is division.

Spelling 6: The word is **sighed**.

Charlie **sighed** with relief.



The school provided an **excellent** education for its pupils.

The word is **excellent**.

Spelling 16: The word is **generous**.

Generous people give to charity.

The word is **generous**.

Spelling 17: The word is **chorus**.

Everyone sang the **chorus** loudly.

The word is chorus.

Spelling 18: The word is **tongue**.

I burnt my **tongue** on the hot soup.

The word is **tongue**.

Spelling 19: The word is accidentally.

Sarah **accidentally** spilled water all over the table.

The word is **accidentally**.

Spelling 20: The word is deceive.

The criminal tried to **deceive** the police.

The word is **deceive**.







Scores

· Raw scores and Scaled scores





Calculating raw scores

The raw scores for each test are calculated by adding the scores from each paper for a subject.

Test	Number of marks available in the paper	Total number of marks available for the test – highest raw score
English grammar, punctuation and spelling Paper 1: questions	50 marks	70 marks
English grammar, punctuation and spelling Paper 2: spelling	20 marks	
English reading	50 marks	50 marks
Mathematics Paper 1: arithmetic	40 marks	110 marks
Mathematics Paper 2: reasoning	35 marks	
Mathematics Paper 3: reasoning	35 marks	



What is a Scaled Score?

- Tests are developed to the same specification each year. However, because the questions
 must be different, the difficulty of tests may vary. This means we need to convert the total
 number of marks a pupil gets in a test (their 'raw' score) into a scaled score, to ensure we
 can make accurate comparisons of performance over time.
- Pupils scoring at least 100 will have met the expected standard on the test. However, given that the difficulty of the tests may vary each year, the number of raw score marks needed to achieve a scaled score of 100 may also change. For example, if the overall difficulty of a test decreases compared to previous years, the raw score required to meet the expected standard will increase. Similarly, if the test is more difficult, the raw score required to meet the expected standard will decrease.





Scaled Scores

- The school will report your child's test results as a scaled score for each subject. A scaled score is created from the number of marks your child scores in a particular test. Scaled scores are used to report the results of tests to ensure accurate comparisons of performance over time. At KS2 the range of scaled scores is 80 to 120. A scaled score:
- below 100 means that your child may need more support to help them reach the expected standard
- of 100 or more means that your child is working at, or above, the expected standard for the key stage









Access Arrangements

DJE:

'KS2 tests are intended to assess pupils' abilities in a fair and comparable way. They are designed so that most pupils with special educational needs or disabilities (SEND) can participate using the standard versions. However, a small number of pupils may need additional arrangements. Access arrangements are adjustments that schools can make to support specific pupils'

'The support given during the tests must never advantage or disadvantage individual pupils. The school must have evidence that the support provided is based on normal classroom practice'







Access Arrangements

- Additional time
- Scribe
- Transcribe
- Reader
- *All pupils can ask for any question to be read to them in the maths or grammar test.







Key stage 2 tests

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The statutory <u>key stage 2 tests</u> are timetabled from Monday 13 May to Thursday 16 May 2024:

Date	Activity
Monday 13 May 2024	English grammar, punctuation and spelling papers 1 and 2
Tuesday 14 May 2024	English reading
Wednesday 15 May 2024	Mathematics papers 1 and 2
Thursday 16 May 2024	Mathematics paper 3





Writing

• As there is no test for English writing, this will be reported as a teacher assessment judgement. This is a judgement teachers will make, based on your child's work at the end of KS2. You will also receive a teacher assessment judgement for science.

The pupil can:

- · write effectively for a range of purposes and audiences, selecting language that shows good awareness of the reader (e.g., the use of the first person in a diary; direct address in instructions and persuasive writing)
- · in narratives, describe settings, characters and atmosphere
- · integrate dialogue in narratives to convey character and advance the action
- · select vocabulary and grammatical structures that reflect what the writing requires, doing this mostly appropriately (e.g. using contracted forms in dialogues in narrative; using passive verbs to affect how information is presented; using modal verbs to suggest degrees of possibility)
- · use a range of devices to build cohesion (e.g. conjunctions, adverbials of time and place, pronouns, synonyms) within and across paragraphs
- · use verb tenses consistently and correctly throughout their writing
- · use the range of punctuation taught at key stage 2 mostly correctly (e.g. inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech)
- · spell correctly most words from the Y5 / Y6 spelling list, and use a dictionary to check the spelling of uncommon or more ambitious vocabulary
- maintain legibility in joined handwriting when writing at speed.





What does SATs week look like?

- · Breakfast club
- · Children complete the tests in the classroom or hall
- · Normal timetable following the tests









How are we supporting your child in school?

- · Quality-first teaching and effective feedback
- Tutoring Mrs Bell
- Practice papers to identify gaps and develop test technique and confidence









Supporting your child at home - reading

- Reading
 challenging books
- Ensure your child records their reading in their reading diary

50 Recommended Reads for...

Year 6 (ages 10-11)

















































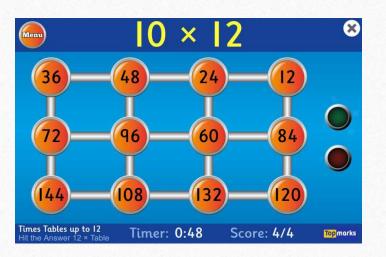




Supporting your child at home - maths















Supporting your child at home - writing

- · Practising weekly spellings at home
- Ensuring punctuation is accurate in any writing your child does at home









Additional resources

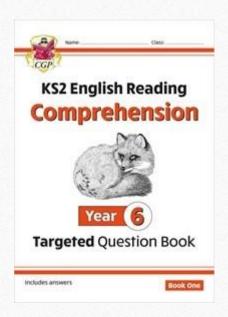


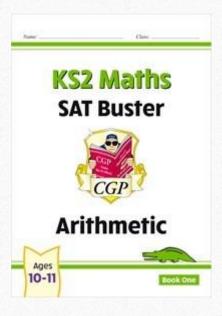


Year 6 SATs revision order form

If you would like to order any revision guides, please make payment via ParentPay and return this form to school. Please return the form and make payment by Wednesday 10th January 2024 so that we are able to place the order.

	CGP description	Code	Price	Ti- ti
KS2 Maths SAT Buster Arithmetic	Packed with Arithmetic practice, this fantatic book is ideal for helping Year 6 pupils prepare for the latest KS2 Maths SATSI It covers everything pupils need to smash the Arithmetic questions in the tough SATS tests. It also includes self-assessment boxes and a handy scoresheet to help track pupils' progress.	M6ARI24	Retail Price: £4.50 School Price: £2.00	
Key Stage Two Maths SATS Question Book	Full to the brim with questions set at the perfect level for Year 6 pupils working at or towards the expected standard in KS2 Maths, this Question Book is a brilliant way to help them get in shape for the SATS. It contains a wide range of realistic SATS-style practice questions for every topic, covering all the essential Maths skills—deal for reinforcing what pupils have learnt. Answers and mark schemes for every question are included at the back of the book.	MLFW23	Retail Price: £6.50 School Price: £2.75	
KS2 English Grammar, Punctuation 8. Spelling Work 6 Targeted Question Book	This fabulous three-in-one Targeted Question Book is packed with essential Year 6 practice for grammar, spelling and punctuation — all perfectly matched to the National Curriculum. There are notes and examples throughout the book to help children get started on each topic, and tick-boxes to keep track of how confident they feel about each topic. Complete answers are included in a cut-out-and-keep section for easy marking.	E6W23	Retail Price: £6.50 School Price: £3.75	
KSI triglish Reading Comprehension Targeted Question Book	This brilliant Targeted Question Book is packed with Reading Comprehension practice for Year 6 pupils It contains fifteen engaging texts — including fiction, non-fiction and poetry — that cover a diverse range of styles and eras, from well-known classics to modern authors. Each text is accompanied by practice questions to help build pupils' Reading Comprehension skills, and there are full answers at the back.	E6CW22	Retail Price: £3.99 School Price: £2.00	













Useful information

• parent-handout-ks2-sats-2024-km.pdf (theschoolrun.com)



